By: Representative Moss

To: Constitution

## HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 43

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE 1 2 MISSISSIPPI CONSTITUTION OF 1890, TO CREATE A NEW SECTION TO 3 REQUIRE LAWS TO BE PASSED PROVIDING FOR CONSERVATION OF FISH AND 4 WILDLIFE, TO PROVIDE THAT SUCH LAWS SHALL PROTECT THE POPULATION OF WILDLIFE SPECIES, AND TO PROVIDE THAT SUCH LAWS SHALL NOT BE 5 VALID UNLESS ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE AND THAT REGULATIONS PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SUCH LAWS SHALL NOT BE VALID UNLESS 6 7 ADOPTED BY AN AGENCY AS PRESCRIBED BY LAW THAT SPECIALIZES IN 8 9 WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT; TO AMEND SECTION 273, MISSISSIPPI CONSTITUTION OF 1890, TO PROVIDE THAT THE INITIATIVE PROCESS FOR 10 11 AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION SHALL NOT BE USED TO PERMIT, LIMIT OR PROHIBIT THE TAKING OF ANY SPECIES OF FISH AND WILDLIFE; AND FOR 12 13 RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, That the following amendments to the Mississippi Constitution of 1890 are proposed to the qualified electors of the state:

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Amend the Mississippi Constitution of 1890, by creating a new section to read as follows:

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21 "Section \_\_\_\_. The State of Mississippi's fish and wildlife belong to the people and shall be utilized and maintained on a 22 sustained yield basis. Laws shall be passed to provide for the 23 conservation of the fish and wildlife resources of the state, 24 25 including laws to empower an agency specializing in the study, protection, use and scientific management of fish and wildlife and 26 27 their habitat. Such laws, and such agency, shall not permit any taking which will reduce the population of any species authorized 28 for taking as a game species below that level essential to its 29 continued health and existence. No laws or regulations which 30 31 permit, limit or prohibit the taking of any species of fish and

32 wildlife, shall be valid except laws enacted by the Legislature 33 and regulations adopted by the agency specializing in the study, 34 protection, use and scientific management of fish and wildlife and 35 their habitat."

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37 Amend Section 273, Mississippi Constitution of 1890, to read38 as follows:

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"Section 273. (1) Amendments to this Constitution may be 39 proposed by the Legislature or by initiative of the people. 40 (2) Whenever two-thirds (2/3) of each house of the 41 42 Legislature, which two-thirds (2/3) shall consist of not less than 43 a majority of the members elected to each house, shall deem any 44 change, alteration or amendment necessary to this Constitution, such proposed amendment, change or alteration shall be read and 45 passed by two-thirds (2/3) vote of each house, as herein provided; 46 47 public notice shall then be given by the Secretary of State at least thirty (30) days preceding an election, at which the 48 49 qualified electors shall vote directly for or against such change, alteration or amendment, and if more than one (1) amendment shall 50 51 be submitted at one (1) time, they shall be submitted in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against each 52 53 amendment separately; and, notwithstanding the division of the 54 Constitution into sections, the Legislature may provide in its 55 resolution for one or more amendments pertaining and relating to 56 the same subject or subject matter, and may provide for one or more amendments to an article of the Constitution pertaining and 57 58 relating to the same subject or subject matter, which may be included in and voted on as one (1) amendment; and if it shall 59 60 appear that a majority of the qualified electors voting directly 61 for or against the same shall have voted for the proposed change, alteration or amendment, then it shall be inserted as a part of 62 63 the Constitution by proclamation of the Secretary of State 64 certifying that it received the majority vote required by the 65 Constitution; and the resolution may fix the date and direct the 66 calling of elections for the purposes hereof.

67 (3) The people reserve unto themselves the power to propose68 and enact constitutional amendments by initiative. An initiative

69 to amend the Constitution may be proposed by a petition signed 70 over a twelve-month period by qualified electors equal in number 71 to at least twelve percent (12%) of the votes for all candidates for Governor in the last gubernatorial election. The signatures 72 73 of the qualified electors from any congressional district shall not exceed one-fifth (1/5) of the total number of signatures 74 75 required to qualify an initiative petition for placement upon the If an initiative petition contains signatures from a 76 ballot. 77 single congressional district which exceed one-fifth (1/5) of the 78 total number of required signatures, the excess number of signatures from that congressional district shall not be 79 80 considered by the Secretary of State in determining whether the petition qualifies for placement on the ballot. 81

The sponsor of an initiative shall identify in the text 82 (4) of the initiative the amount and source of revenue required to 83 84 implement the initiative. If the initiative requires a reduction 85 in any source of government revenue, or a reallocation of funding from currently funded programs, the sponsor shall identify in the 86 87 text of the initiative the program or programs whose funding must be reduced or eliminated to implement the initiative. Compliance 88 89 with this requirement shall not be a violation of the subject matter requirements of this section of the Constitution. 90

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(5) The initiative process shall not be used:

92 (a) For the proposal, modification or repeal of any93 portion of the Bill of Rights of this Constitution;

94 (b) To amend or repeal any law or any provision of the
95 Constitution relating to the Mississippi Public Employees'
96 Retirement System;

97 (c) To amend or repeal the constitutional guarantee 98 that the right of any person to work shall not be denied or 99 abridged on account of membership or nonmembership in any labor 100 union or organization; \* \* \*

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(d) To modify the initiative process for proposing

102 amendments to this Constitution; or

(e) To amend or repeal the Constitution to permit, 103 104 limit or prohibit the taking of any species of fish or wildlife. The Secretary of State shall file with the Clerk of the 105 (6) 106 House and the Secretary of the Senate the complete text of the 107 certified initiative on the first day of the regular session. A 108 constitutional initiative may be adopted by a majority vote of 109 each house of the Legislature. If the initiative is adopted, 110 amended or rejected by the Legislature; or if no action is taken 111 within four (4) months of the date that the initiative is filed with the Legislature, the Secretary of State shall place the 112 113 initiative on the ballot for the next statewide general election. 114 The chief legislative budget officer shall prepare a fiscal analysis of each initiative and each legislative alternative. A 115

summary of each fiscal analysis shall appear on the ballot. 116 117 (7) If the Legislature amends an initiative, the amended 118 version and the original initiative shall be submitted to the electors. An initiative or legislative alternative must receive a 119 120 majority of the votes thereon and not less than forty percent 121 (40%) of the total votes cast at the election at which the measure 122 was submitted to be approved. If conflicting initiatives or 123 legislative alternatives are approved at the same election, the 124 initiative or legislative alternative receiving the highest number

125 of affirmative votes shall prevail.

126 (8) If an initiative measure proposed to the Legislature has 127 been rejected by the Legislature and an alternative measure is passed by the Legislature in lieu thereof, the ballot titles of 128 129 both such measures shall be so printed on the official ballots 130 that a voter can express separately two (2) preferences: First, 131 by voting for the approval of either measure or against both 132 measures, and, secondly, by voting for one measure or the other measure. If the majority of those voting on the first issue is 133 134 against both measures, then both measures fail, but in that case

135 the votes on the second issue nevertheless shall be carefully 136 counted and made public. If a majority voting on the first issue 137 is for the approval of either measure, then the measure receiving a majority of the votes on the second issue and also receiving not 138 139 less than forty percent (40%) of the total votes cast at the election at which the measure was submitted for approval shall be 140 141 law. Any person who votes for the ratification of either measure 142 on the first issue must vote for one (1) of the measures on the 143 second issue in order for the ballot to be valid. Any person who 144 votes against both measures on the first issue may vote but shall not be required to vote for any of the measures on the second 145 146 issue in order for the ballot to be valid. Substantially the 147 following form shall be a compliance with this subsection: 148 INITIATED BY PETITION AND ALTERNATIVE BY LEGISLATURE 149 150 Initiative Measure No. \_\_\_\_, entitled (here insert the 151 ballot title of the initiative measure). Alternative Measure No. \_\_\_\_\_A, entitled (here insert the 152 153 ballot title of the alternative measure). VOTE FOR APPROVAL OF EITHER, OR AGAINST BOTH: 154 155 FOR APPROVAL OF EITHER Initiative No.\_\_\_\_ 156 157 AGAINST Both Initiative No. \_\_\_\_ 158 159 AND VOTE FOR ONE: 160 161 (9) No more than five (5) initiative proposals shall be 162 163 submitted to the voters on a single ballot, and the first five (5) 164 initiative proposals submitted to the Secretary of State with 165 sufficient petitions shall be the proposals which are submitted to the voters. The sufficiency of petitions shall be decided in the 166 167 first instance by the Secretary of State, subject to review by the

168 Supreme Court of the state, which shall have original and 169 exclusive jurisdiction over all such cases.

(10) An initiative approved by the electors shall take effect thirty (30) days from the date of the official declaration of the vote by the Secretary of State, unless the measure provides otherwise.

(11) If any amendment to the Constitution proposed by initiative petition is rejected by a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon, no initiative petition proposing the same, or substantially the same, amendment shall be submitted to the electors for at least two (2) years after the date of the election on such amendment.

(12) The Legislature shall provide by law the manner in 180 which initiative petitions shall be circulated, presented and 181 182 certified. To prevent signature fraud and to maintain the 183 integrity of the initiative process the state has a compelling 184 interest in insuring that no person shall circulate an initiative petition or obtain signatures on an initiative petition unless the 185 186 person is a resident of this state at the time of circulation. 187 For the purposes of this subsection the term "resident" means a 188 person who is domiciled in Mississippi as evidenced by an intent to maintain a principal dwelling place in Mississippi indefinitely 189 190 and to return to Mississippi if temporarily absent, coupled with 191 an act or acts consistent with that intent. Every person who circulates an initiative petition shall print and sign his name on 192 193 each page of an initiative petition, or on a separate page attached to each page, certifying that he was a resident of this 194 state at the time of circulating the petition. The Secretary of 195 196 State shall refuse to accept for filing any page of an initiative 197 petition upon which the signatures appearing thereon were obtained 198 by a person who was not a resident of this state at the time of circulating the petition, and an initiative measure shall not be 199 200 placed on the ballot if the Secretary of State determines that

without such signatures the petition clearly bears an insufficient number of signatures. The provisions of this subsection (12) shall be applicable to all initiative measures that have not been placed on the ballot at the time this proposed amendment is ratified by the electorate.

(13) The Legislature may enact laws to carry out the provisions of this section but shall in no way restrict or impair the provisions of this section or the powers herein reserved to the people."

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That these proposed amendments shall be submitted by the Secretary of State to the qualified electors at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November 1999, as provided by Section 273 of the Constitution and by general law, with the amendments in this resolution being voted on as one (1) amendment since the proposed amendments pertain to one (1) subject.

217 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the explanation of this proposed 218 amendment for the ballot shall read as follows: "This proposed 219 constitutional amendment creates a new section of the Constitution 220 to require laws to be passed providing for conservation and 221 protection of fish and wildlife. The amendment also provides that 222 the initiative process, which is available for citizens to propose constitutional amendments by petition, shall not be used to 223 224 permit, limit or prohibit the taking of any species of fish and 225 wildlife."